



## LANE COUNTY BEEKEEPERS ASSOCIATION

130 HANSEN LANE, EUGENE, OR 97404

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## May 2017 NEWSLETTER



### President's Message

**Max Kuhn, LCBA President**

I want to take this opportunity to welcome a new bee club to the Douglas County area! Our new neighbor to the South is now officially organized and affiliated with our Oregon State Beekeepers Association. "Douglas County Bees" as they are called, has been in existence for about two years in various forms of organization but just recently became affiliated with the OSBA. A club in that area has been needed for a long time and we welcome them to the area. We at LCBA have, from time to time had members of our club who lived in the North Douglas County area. If that is still the case, we don't want to lose them from our club, but at the same time hope they support the DCBs. Being a member of two or more clubs is not a bad thing. We have some members at LCBA who are also members of other clubs. Dual memberships offer many advantages and learning opportunities. I encourage our members to visit other clubs as guests to observe, learn, and offer encouragement or help when possible. It is great fun to jump in the car and travel to another club for their meeting night. Sit in on their lectures, discussions, or chit-chat before and after their meetings. You might be surprised what you learn.

Douglas County Bees meet the first Wednesday of each month at 7:00PM. Meetings are held at the Douglas County Court House, on the third floor. Address is 1036 SE Douglas Ave Roseburg. I spoke with the club president recently on the phone and he assured me that all guests are welcome and encouraged to attend. If you like, you are welcome to bring something to share, a door prize, a book or magazine for example as a welcoming gift to the new club. If you do visit another club, please let me know what the experience was like. We are always interested in how other beekeepers...keep bees.

If you want to travel to another club but are unsure when and where to go, check out the Oregon State Beekeepers Association's web site. [www.orsba.org](http://www.orsba.org) Or, better yet...join the OSBA and receive their monthly newsletter which contains information on all the affiliated clubs, as well as other great beekeeping articles, tips, and important information.

### NEXT MEETING:

**May 16, 2017**

**Come early to socialize and share your questions with experienced beekeepers.**

### General Meeting

Hall opens at 7:00 pm

Program 7:30 pm

### Topic:

**Preparing for Honey Flow**

**Reading Sticky Boards**

### Presenters:

**Judy Scher & Ken Ograin**

Trinity United

Methodist Church

440 Maxwell Road

Turn West off River Road  
in Eugene (South of Beltline)

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## Upcoming Events & Announcements

**May 17th - Linn Benton Beekeeping Assoc. Meeting**  
**Topic:** "Swarms are Coming –Are your bait boxes ready?",  
**Morris Ostrofsky**

**Location:** Corvallis Waldorf School, 6:30-8:30 pm  
 Visit their website for more information. <http://www.lbba.us>

**May 19th - Friday in the Apiary**

**Location:** OSU Oak Creek Center, Corvallis, 3:00 pm-5:00 pm  
 Please RSVP to [carolyn.breece@oregonstate.edu](mailto:carolyn.breece@oregonstate.edu).  
 Sign up to received notifications and to RSVP.  
<http://extension.oregonstate.edu/mb/blog>

**May 25th - Central Coast Beekeepers Assoc. Meeting**

**Topic:** "Nutrition & Health in Hive", Dr. Ramesh Sagili  
**Location:** Newport Library, 6:30 pm  
<http://www.ccbaor.org/>

**May 14th - Benefit for Bees**

**Location:** Whirled Pies, 199 West 8th St, Eugene 2:00-5:00pm  
 Family event benefits Village school bee education program & Healthy Bees= Healthy Gardens. Includes a silent auction, bee education, music, prayer flag making, honey, propolis, wax, pollinator plants, seeds, jewelry for sale and more.

Please contact Jen to help or if you have a donation. Donations are tax deductible.

Contact Jen Hornaday at [healthybeeshealthygardens@gmail.com](mailto:healthybeeshealthygardens@gmail.com) or call/ text cell at 541-914-2225.

## 2017 Ohio State University Bee Lab Webinars

The Ohio State bee webinars have begun. Sessions are the third Wednesday of the month, beginning at 9AM **EASTERN**. All webinars are free, and registration is not required.

**May 17:** Setting up Your Extracting Line - What's Needed

**June 21st:** A Lot About Drones

You can view all webinars at a later date or on the day of the event. Click on link below for information and to sign up for notifications.

<https://u.osu.edu/beelab/courses/>

**LCBA Needs:** Indoor storage space to store our LCBA stage we use for bee school. There are 6 pieces, 4X4X1, made out of wood.

Contact Nancy Ograin if you are able to help out.  
 541-935-7065 or [nancy.ograin@gmail.com](mailto:nancy.ograin@gmail.com)

**May 21st - Beekeeper's Workshop, Ruhl Bee Supply**

**Location:** OSU Honey Bee Lab, Corvallis, OR, 9:30am-4:00pm  
**Guest Speakers:** Randy Oliver and Carolyn Breece of the OSU Honey Lab.

**Cost:** \$60, includes lunch. Click [here](#) for more details

**June 3rd - LBBA/LCBA Field Day**

**Location:** OSU Oak Apiary, Corvallis

**June 7th– Douglas County Bees Meeting, 7:00 pm**

**Location:** Douglas County Courthouse, 3rd floor

**July 19th-23rd - Lane County Fair**

**Kelly's Beekeeping Website: "Lane County Hiveways"**

Follow Kelly as she does her inspections, observations, and other beekeeping activities.

<http://lanecountyhiveways.com/>

**Florence Garden Club**—visit their face book page at

[www.facebook.com/FGCOR](http://www.facebook.com/FGCOR).

## Friday in the Apiary at OSU

"Friday in the Apiary" is an opportunity to gather, visit, and learn more about beekeeping at OSU's apiary at the Oak Creek Center for Urban Horticulture. Every **third Friday of the month**, you are invited to come and discuss hive management strategies for the month and get to know other beekeepers. This is a casual, loosely structured event intended to provide a learning experience in a relaxed setting.

Sign up to received notifications at:

<http://extension.oregonstate.edu/mb/blog>

This event is weather dependent and space is limited due to parking. **Please RSVP** to:

[carolyn.breece@oregonstate.edu](mailto:carolyn.breece@oregonstate.edu) for location, details, and for notification of possible changes.

## Volunteers Needed

**Event: 2017 Wildflower Festival**

**Date:** Sunday, May 21st

**Location:** Mt. Pisgah Arboretum

**Time:** 10:00 am to 5:00 pm

Looking for volunteers for time slots 10 to 12, 12 to 2 and 2 to 5. Please let me know if you can help out. This is always a fun event.

Nancy Ograin 541-935-7065 or [nancy.ograin@gmail.com](mailto:nancy.ograin@gmail.com)

## KNOW THE ENEMY: EUROPEAN FOULBROOD

by Pam Leavitt and Judy Scher

European Foulbrood, EFB, is a honey bee bacterial disease caused by *Melissococcus plutonius*, a non-spore forming bacterium.

The bacteria effect the larvae before they are capped. They become infected when they consume brood food that contains the bacterium. Once the bacteria are ingested by the larvae, it competes for food inside the larvae. When the bacteria out compete the larvae, the larvae will die before the cell is capped. (American Foulbrood causes death after the cell is capped.) If the larvae have sufficient food resources, they will survive, however, as adults they generally have lower weight and their pupation is delayed when compared to those uninfected larvae. The larvae that survive defecate in the cells, which can cause the comb to be a source of infection in subsequent years. (A good reason to continually replace brood frames, i.e. 20% each year.)

EFB is problematic when the forage nectar availability is sporadic or in situations where there are fewer nurse bees in the colony. In the early spring, at the onset of nectar flow, the rapid recruitment of house bees to forage leaves fewer nurse bees in the colony to feed the larvae. When the ratio of nurse bees to larvae stabilizes later in the spring, the symptoms generally disappear. EFB can occur throughout a season, and in severe cases, the colony will die.

There appears to be a direct relation between larval mortality and the duration and amount of food that was fed. As increasing amounts of bacteria are fed, more likely the larvae will die. An increased food supply from adequate numbers of nurse bees can reduce larval death and observed symptoms within the colony. This may be why the presence of the disease changes sporadically season to season and year to year, dependent on the ratio of nurse bees to larvae and the amount of brood food available to the larvae.

The symptoms of EFB are spotty brood pattern. Be aware this can be the first sign in a wide variety of problems in a colony, including EFB. If the hive is infected with EFB, the dying and dead larvae usually turn yellow, then brown. If an odor is present it is usually sour, however, that odor is not always obvious. The larvae may twist as they die and curl upward toward the top of the cell. The trachea, breathing tube of the bee, may become visible as the larvae flattens against the side of the cell. If a toothpick is inserted into a cell, stirred and withdrawn, the debris is usually not ropy, as it is in American Foulbrood.

Confirmation of the diagnosis of EFB begins with the inspection, looking for the symptoms described above. A definitive diagnosis can be obtained by sending a sample of comb containing the dead larvae to the USDA-ARS Bee Research Laboratory in Beltsville, Maryland, 20705. Contact them prior to sending a sample get instructions for mailing your sample. \*\*

Terramycin (tetracycline), an antibiotic, previously was labeled to control European Foulbrood. On January 1, 2017, it became necessary for a veterinarian to write a prescription to obtain any antibiotic for use in honey bee colonies. The antibiotic of choice in animals is Tylosin. These new regulations require beekeepers in Oregon, where there is no State Apiary Inspectors, to contact the State Department of Agriculture or the State Extension Service to get information and guidance on use of antibiotics.

Requeening may reverse the problem of EFB by a break in the brood cycle and introduction of a queen that is more prolific. Increased production of brood and nurse bees may be a means for cultural control of EFB.

\*\* Currently the lab is on hiatus. See page 5.

European Foulbrood larvae turning into scale, also note the cells with contaminated brood food.





## April Meeting Highlights by Tamara Andreas, LCBA Secretary

### Announcements:

- New T-shirts and tote bags available.
- LCBA is looking at having a picnic this summer. Deb Elder working on details.
- Field Day, June 3rd, be sure to get signed up if you would like to attend.

### Pacific Northwest Honeybee Survey: Dewey Caron

Dewey Caron did a short presentation on the Pacific Northwest Honeybee Survey which asks how our bees did this past winter season and asked LCBA members to please participate.

The survey looks at the different bee associations and analyzes their level of survivorship in members' hives. LCBA had a 27% loss rate in 2015/2016 winter season.

Dewey compared losses between people that manage their hives more, and people that manage their hives less. One-third of respondents don't monitor or control for mites. Another third do some control, but aren't completely successful. The last third of respondents have success with managing mites.

The survey allows local beekeepers to look over the results for Lane County and gain some insight into managing tips and ideas for improvement. It is available every April; we encourage all beekeepers to take it. Data from this past winter survey will be available by May.



Dewey Caron

### April Early Educational Meeting: Varroa Mite Biology by Morris Ostrofsky

Morris gave a presentation on "Varroa Mite Biology" at our April meeting. The summary of his talk will be posted in the June newsletter. In the meantime you can view this great video on "How Varroa Destructor Devastates Honey Bee Colonies" at: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h-wDgd5yURo>.

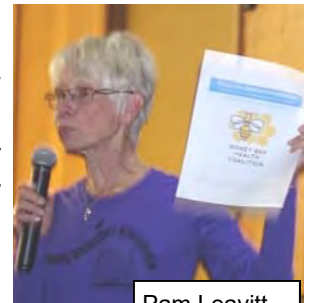
### Presentation: Varroa Medication by Pam Leavitt

Pam Leavitt's presentation was on the "Tools for Varroa Management" published by the Honey Bee Health Coalition. This publication is available on our Lane County Beekeepers website, [lcbao.org](http://lcbao.org). The booklet especially helps with tracking dates of medication, which is critical for keeping track of when and how to treat for mites. It also has videos which show you step by step instructions on how to apply the different medications and on sampling. There are also several videos available on IPM, requeening, drone brood removal, and others.

LCBA does not endorse any particular method of treatment or chemical system. Pam urged following manufacturer instructions, for the type you use, and to rotate the type of treatment to prevent development of resistance to the medication.

The following videos were shown and Pam made a few comments on each.

- Sampling - you have to know if you have a mite problem, and secondly you must know the level of the problem.
- Apiguard and Api Life Var are two types of essential oil treatment. Do not use these products during the peak time when bees are collecting and making honey.
- HopGuard is an acid treatment for mites. It is best used during the hive's dormant phase (late Fall or early winter) when little or no brood is present; it is less effective at other times. HopGuard can be used when honey supers are on; it does not affect the honey quality unlike Apiguard, Api Life Var, and Api Var.
- Apivar is not effective during the dormant period of the hive. Apivar is a slow release system, and must stay in the hive 6-8 weeks.
- Formic acid is used to control elevated mite populations. Mite Away Quick Strips (MAQS) are a biodegradable gel strip version. These treatments are less effective during the dormant phases of the hive.



Pam Leavitt

**March highlights continued**

•Oxalic acid is an organic acid treatment. The vaporizer method is dangerous and not recommended for most backyard beekeepers." A respirator with cartridge or particulate filter and protective eyewear (goggles), must be worn as it may be fatal if swallowed, is harmful if inhaled and may cause irreversible eye damage.

The vaporizer method is not recommended in Oregon, as it is hazardous without a respirator. The treatment method recommended is by dribble method into the hive, or by treating a new package of bees with oxalic acid dissolved in sugar syrup and spray it onto the bees. It is especially crucial to follow the instructions for this treatment exactly, and we do not recommend it for beginning beekeepers. It is most effective during the dormant phases, and it should not be used during population peak or with honey supers.

Pam and LCBA chose not to show two last treatments, Apistan and CheckMite, as they are showing not to be as effective.

## OREGON MASTER BEEKEEPER PROGRAM



The Oregon Master Beekeeper Program is preparing for the 2018 apprentice class which will begin in January. If you are interested be sure to put your name on the waiting list at [www.oregonmasterbeekeeper.org](http://www.oregonmasterbeekeeper.org). The date a person's name is placed on this list helps determine whether or not they are accepted into the program.

LCBA is supportive of the program and will again offer three scholarships for the 2018 class. Scholarships pay half of the registration fee upfront with the balance being paid to the recipient upon receiving their "Apprentice Certification". To learn more about the program visit their website:

<http://extension.oregonstate.edu/mb/>

To be considered for a scholarship, your name must be on the waiting list and a scholarship form needs to be completed. Forms will be available at our May meeting.

For more information or questions contact Nancy Ograin, [nancy.ograin@gmail.com](mailto:nancy.ograin@gmail.com), 541-935-7065.

### Beltsville Bee Lab Has Staffing Shortage, Diagnostic Service on Hiatus

Due to a staffing crisis, the USDA-ARS Bee Disease Diagnostic Service in Beltsville, MD will be on hiatus, effective immediately. The University of Maryland Bee Lab has graciously supported Mr. Samuel Abban as he leads this 100-year old program, but Samuel is now needed fulltime for a critical University project. Every effort is being made to finalize the hiring of Samuel as a USDA employee so that he can continue this program.

Please do not submit new samples until further notice. Samples in hand will be held in cold storage pending our ability to staff this program. In the meantime, the Bee Informed Partnership offers a paid service for analyzing colony loss samples, <https://beeinformed.org/programs/emergency-response-kits-2/>.

We are extremely sorry for this disruption and look forward to continuing this program as part of USDA-ARS efforts to help beekeepers. Please contact us regarding urgent needs. Jay Evans, Research Leader, USDA-ARS Bee Research Laboratory, Beltsville, MD 20705 [jay.evans@ars.usda.gov](mailto:jay.evans@ars.usda.gov), 301-504-5143.

### Welcome New Members

Kevin Brown	Eugene
Renea Bucholz	Eugene
Dalton Cody	Drain
Joy Cranshaw & Michelle Klemens	Eugene
David Hackett	Eugene
Ron Hennigan	Eugene
Ken Holden	Eugene
Jordi Humphreys	Eugene
Sharon & John Juge	Eugene
Panchita Paulete	Springfield
Michelle Spurlock & Mekydel Camara	Eugene



## May Beekeeping Tips by Chuck Hunt

1. May is swarm month and the swarming tendency continues into June. Check your hives for swarm cells; remember, swarm cells are constructed at the edges of the frames and between boxes. A suggestion from a long time club member, Rosie Bishop, is: "try putting some frames of undrawn bare foundation in the brood box". The desire to produce wax may be one of the reasons for swarming and Richard Taylor contends that the bees will draw out the foundation and may have less tendency to swarm.

2. Provide room for your bees to avoid the swarming tendency by reversing or adding a second box on a new hive. Make sure all entrances are open and all reducers are removed.

3. If you see swarm cells (not just cell cups) the bees have definitely decided to swarm. There are a number of ways to deal with this situation but cutting out swarm cells is usually not successful by itself. Bees will not swarm, (a) haven't got a queen; (b) haven't got their sealed brood; or (c) haven't got their field force. Most successful swarm control techniques focus on one or the other of these factors.

4. Control swarming by removing the queen and some brood to another location and another hive body; in other words, split the hive. This can be done by just taking one of the upper boxes and putting it on a new hive stand. Then, in three or four days, check to see which of the two resulting hives has a queen and re-queen the hive that has no queen. Usually the upper hive body (which you removed)

will have the queen but this is not always the case. Check to make sure before re-queening.

5. All sealed brood can be placed above a queen excluder, giving the queen empty frames in which to lay eggs. Make sure that the queen stays below the excluder. The brood above the excluder will hatch out and the hive should increase in strength but not swarm.

6. Move the strong hive that wants to swarm to another location and replace it with a weak hive. The weak hive will be bolstered by the field force from the strong hive. The strong hive won't swarm because it has lost its field force, and the result should be good for both hives.

7. Remember that frames that have queen cells are your chance to raise new queens. Put them in a western or nuc box (with two or three cells in a box), put in some brood and bees, and in a couple of weeks you are likely to have a new queen, bred and laying eggs!

8. Remember that swarming will take place. Don't let it discourage you but do try to keep it to a minimum!

9. Keep grass and weeds away from your hive and especially clear of the entrance so that the bees have a relatively clear landing approach. If you use a weed eater to do this, remember that it will antagonize the bees and it might be best just to clear the grass and weeds using a hand method.

10. Make sure that your hives have sufficient honey stores to get through the month. About 15 pounds of honey is necessary at all times (about five western or two deep frames of honey).

### LCBA/LBBA Field Day

We are having a joint Field Day this year with Linn Benton Beekeepers Association. Space is limited due to the number of hives available for inspection.

**Date:** Saturday, June 3, 2017      **Time:** 10:00 am to 2:30 pm      **Check In:** Starts at 9:00 am

**Location:** Oak Creek Center for Urban Horticulture at Oregon State University (NE corner of 35th St & Western Blvd)  
Please follow the signs for parking across the street from the apiary.

**Bring:** Veil, jacket or suite, gloves, lawn chair

Box Lunches are available for purchase or you may bring your own lunch. Lunch orders and payment must be received by May 19th. Each person will be required to sign an OSU "Waiver and Assumption of Risks Agreement" form which will be available at our May meeting.

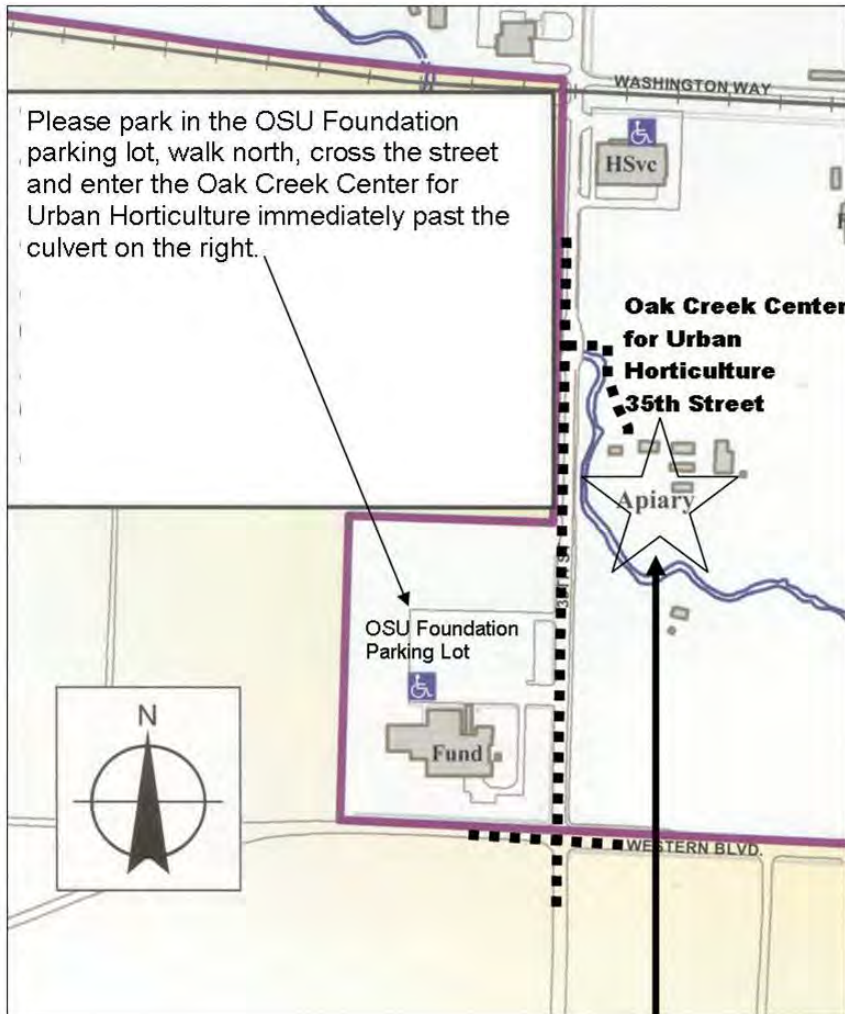
We will have three educational sessions in the morning and after lunch will be the hive demonstrations. You will be led by an experienced beekeeper who will show you things you should be looking for while inspecting your hives. Experienced beekeepers attending will be getting into hives that have issues.

Please let me know if you plan on attending so I can add you to our attendance list. You can bring the registration form to the May meeting or sign up online at <http://www.lbba.us/2017-field-day/>

Any questions contact Nancy Ograin, [nancy.ograin@gmail.com](mailto:nancy.ograin@gmail.com) or [541-935-7065](tel:541-935-7065).



## Field Day Map-OSU Oak Creek Center

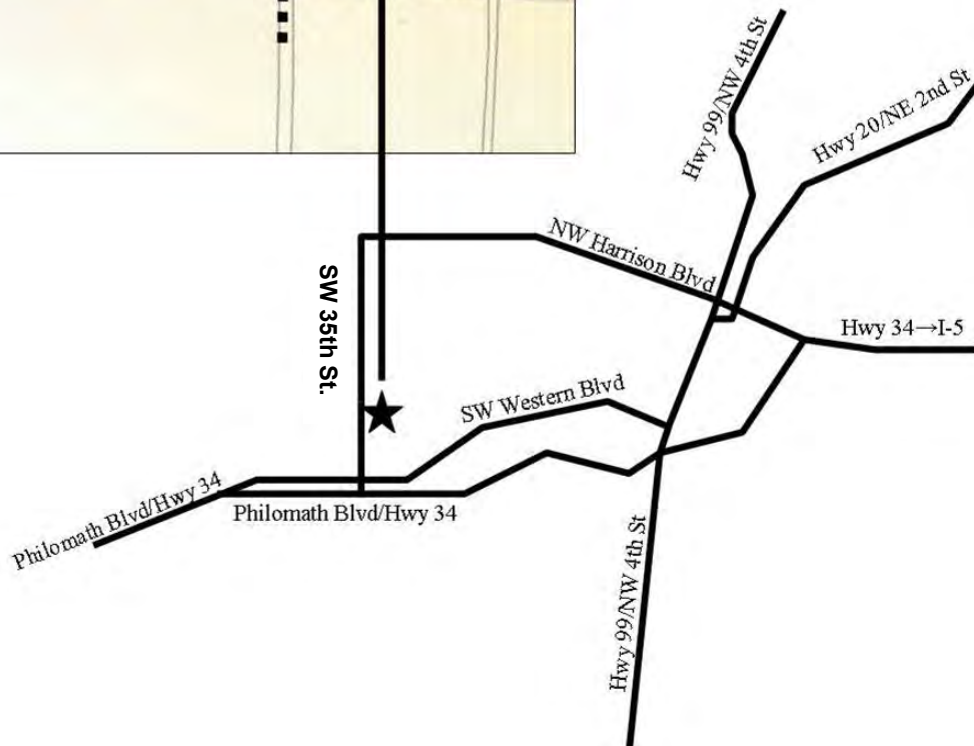


### Directions to Oak Creek Apiary

- 1-From Eugene take I-5 North.
  - 2-Take Exit 228.
  - 3-Turn left onto OR Hwy 34 W, continue for 9.8 miles.
  - 4-Turn right onto SW 35th St.
- Park in the OSU Foundation Parking Lot. Handicap parking is available at the Oak Creek Apiary.

### For your GSP:

**844 SW 35th Street  
Corvallis, OR**





## Apiary Registration Fees - Oregon Dept. of Agriculture

*Do you own 5 or more colonies? It's renewal time for 5 or more colonies. New apiary registration guidelines are now in place. Register now to avoid a late fee!*

### Apiary Registration Fees:

The following annual apiary registration fees are established by authority provided in ORS 602.090: Every person who owns or is in charge of five or more colonies of bees located within this state must register the colonies with the Department of Agriculture. Each registration shall be accompanied by a fee, which shall cover each colony of bees owned by the registrant.

1. For registrations made before June 1 of each year, the annual registration fee shall be \$10 per registration and \$0.50 per colony.
2. The number of colonies that must be registered shall be based on the high number of full strength colonies managed within the state of Oregon at any time during the previous year.
3. For registrations made after July 1 of each year, the annual registration fee shall be \$20 per registration and \$0.50 per colony.

All moneys collected pursuant to ORS 602.090 shall be spent on pollinator research that is predominately focused on honeybees.

For registration information go to <https://apps.oregon.gov/SOS/LicenseDirectory/LicenseDetail/606>.

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## Busy Bee

It's been a busy month for LCBA participating in the Glory Bee "Bee Weekend" and "Save the Bee 5K Run/Walk". Bee Weekend is a community event open to anyone who wants to stop by. Several schools bussed in kids to learn about bees. The OSU Honey Bee Lab had an observation hive, microscope, and caste of bees and bee pests; varroa mites, wax moths, small hive beetle and all different types of bees. Other vendors there were the "School Garden Project", Healthy Bees=Healthy Gardens, and Mecca. LCBA members helping out were Ken Ograin, Larry & Diana Scoville, Pam & Les Leavitt, Polly Habliston and Deb Elder. It was a very busy weekend and lots of information was given out to the new beekeepers who were picking up their packages.



Bee Weekend

Glory Bee also had their 5K Run/Walk event on April 29th to raise funds for their "Save the Bee" program. Members who helped were Les & Pam Leavitt and Doug & Polly Habliston.

LCBA encourages community outreach to talk about bees and if you present to a group or volunteer at an event, please be sure contact Pam Leavitt at [pamseaver2000@yahoo.com](mailto:pamseaver2000@yahoo.com).



Fun Run: left to right Doug & Polly Habliston, Les & Pam Leavitt



Glory Bee presented a check in the amount of **\$68,704.78** to Ramesh Sagili, Assistant Professor OSU Honey Bee Lab at "Bee Day". The funds will be used towards bee research. These funds were raised in 2016 as part of Glory Bee's "Save the Bee Program".

### Thank You GloryBee!

Left to right: RaeJean Wilson, Dick Turanski, Ramesh Sagili, Pat Turanski, and Allen Turanski



## Death of Senate Bill 929 by Dr. Dewey M. Caron

Oregon Senate Bill 929, introduced by Senator Floyd Prozanski (Senate District 4 South Lane and North Douglas) would have made neonicotinoids less available to homeowners by having them labeled as restricted-use pesticides. It was subsequently modified to restrict sales in general consumer stores. It additionally called for strengthening the message on how neonicotinoids are harming pollinators in pesticide use training. It was modeled after a bill that recently passed in Maryland, the first state to ban consumer use of the neonicotinoid pesticides. California and Colorado are considering similar bills.

There are seven chemicals with different names in the neonicotinoid class. These seven are found in dozens of pesticides sold for homeowner use, including many popular Bayer and Ortho products. They are: Imidacloprid, Clothianidin, Acetamiprid, Thiamethoxam, Dinotefuran, Nitenpyram and Thiacloprid. “The label on the home use product allows greater application rates for home use than for professional use,” said Lisa Arkin, executive director of Beyond Toxics in Eugene. Her organization was behind the bills aimed at regulating neonicotinoids in Oregon: One aimed at changing labeling requirements was shelved after its first hearing, but 929 had a public hearing and appeared to have a fighting chance.



Farming and nursery lobbies opposed the bill, arguing that the science is not conclusive that these pesticides harm honey bees or pollinators and that because there are many complex causes of bee decline, neonicotinoids should not be singled out. A broad coalition of Democratic senators and representatives co-sponsored the bill and there was a long list of endorsers of the bill, including GloryBee of Eugene, Oregon Bee Store (White City) and Bee Thinking (Portland).

At a late March hearing, I, Pat Morris a commercial beekeeper from Southern Oregon, Christine Lefever of the Rogue Valley Pollinator Project, the Oregon Audubon Society, Brian Lacy of Urban Bee and Gardens in Portland and numerous others presented a three minute testimony in support of the legislation. Some 15 individuals dressed as bees and butterflies bused up from the Medford area to join the public testimony. The individuals included persons who helped enlist Talent and Ashland as Bee Cities and Southern Oregon, Portland State and Portland Community College as Bee Campuses USA.

The bill failed to be endorsed by the five-person Environment and Natural Resources senate committee and the legislation effort is dead for this year. The third senator reported that he heard the ‘Bees are coming back’ so he did not support moving the bill from the committee to the full senate.

While it is well documented that the neonicotinoids are highly toxic to honey bees and other bees and pollinators, it is not clear how much homeowner use of neonicotinoids negatively impacts overall bee health. However passage of legislation by Oregon would have sent a clear message that our honey bees and pollinators have individuals willing to speak up for them. The Oregon State Beekeepers Association neither endorsed nor was in opposition to the bill. Several local organizations encouraged members to send the committee senators messages asking for their support.

For a good obituary of the bill view “Buzzworthy: the widely used pesticide that’s killing Oregon Bees” by Emily Green (17 April). <http://news.streetroots.org/2017/04/17/buzzworthy-widely-used-pesticide-thats-killing-oregon-bees>. Planning will begin for what can be done next time- stay tuned in to Beyond Toxics [www.beyondtoxics.org](http://www.beyondtoxics.org) for further developments.

**Classified Ads**

Bee-related classified ads cost \$5.00/month for non-members and are free to members. Classified ads run for three issues and may be renewed by contacting the editor. Bee-related business ads start at \$35 a year. To place an ad, contact Nancy Ograin by the 1st of the month. 541-935-7065 or via e-mail [nancy.ograin@gmail.com](mailto:nancy.ograin@gmail.com).

### For Sale Hive Equipment

5 Westerns with and without drawn frames, \$9 - \$30 ea  
 2 Westerns with screen on bottom – for insulation, \$10 ea  
 Handmade deep box – holds 20 frames, \$10  
 2 Deep separator boards, \$3-\$5  
 2 Ventilating boards, \$5 ea  
 2 Metal queen excluders, \$4 ea  
 2 Screen bottom boards, \$15-\$20 ea  
 1 Non-screen bottom board, \$10  
 Metal telescoping lid, \$20  
 2 Inner covers, \$7 ea  
 4 Wooden top covers \$5-\$10 ea  
 Equipment for feeding sugar water: buckets, jugs, boards, plastic vertical & horizontal, \$5 - \$6 ea  
 Fancy wooden supply case, also for catching swarms, \$25  
 24g Fumagilan \$8  
 4 packets Api Life Var \$5

Glad to negotiate if you take lots.  
 LUCY ONEAL 541-510-9655 txt  
[lucyoneal@comcast.net](mailto:lucyoneal@comcast.net)

### For Sale Top Bar Hives

Complete Top Bar Hive with bees that have survived winter.  
 Contact Barbara Bajec for more information or if you have any questions.  
 Barbara: [541-767-9086](tel:541-767-9086) (text or call); or email  
[barbbajec@gmail.com](mailto:barbbajec@gmail.com)

### For Sale

Will have **honeybee swarms** for sale, \$35.  
 Call and get on my waiting list, if you would like one.  
 Julie at [541 9372577](tel:541-9372577)

For discounts on American Bee Journal subscriptions contact Nancy Ograin for discount form.

### For Sale Bee Supplies

Brood boxes, honey/ western boxes telescoping covers, bottom screen boards.

Wood frames with drawn comb. All frames have been frozen & stored in sealed tubs with no wax moths!

For more information and pricing. Contact Jen Hornaday at [healthybeeshealthygardens@gmail.com](mailto:healthybeeshealthygardens@gmail.com) or call/ text cell at 541-914-2225.

### For Sale Warré Beehives

I sell complete kits for Warré top-bar beehives and also fully assembled hives.

See the details at [www.beeologique.com](http://www.beeologique.com) (under products)

I also offer free guidance in Warré top-bar beekeeping.

**Bill Wood**

~ (541) 687-8211 ~  
[beeologique@gmail.com](mailto:beeologique@gmail.com)

### 2017 LCBA New/Renewal Memberships

\$25 per year per household or family  
 Please remit payment to:

LCBA Treasurer, Polly Habliston  
 1258 Dalton Dr., Eugene, OR 97404  
[polly@uoregon.edu](mailto:polly@uoregon.edu)

Membership forms for new members and renewals are available on the LCBA website. [Click here](#) to access.

### NEWSLETTER CONTACT INFORMATION

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